

NICE Skills Assessment, Development and Talent Portal





What is the National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education (NICE)?

- A partnership among government, academia, and the private sector focused on education, training, and workforce development
- Will strengthen the cybersecurity posture of organizations through adoption of standards and best practices



NICE Goals

- 1. Promote the Discovery of Cybersecurity Careers and Multiple Pathways
- 2. Transform Learning to Build and Sustain a Diverse and Skilled Workforce
- 3. Modernize the Talent Management Process to Address Cybersecurity Skills Gaps
- 4. Expand Use of the Workforce Framework for Cybersecurity (NICE Framework)
- 5. Drive Research on Effective Practices for Cybersecurity Workforce Development

The NICE Framework mapped to certification programs

- provide hands-on learning and performance-based assessments
- validate competencies to perform work roles
- supply learners with portable and stackable credentials
- ensure continued competence in an evolving field through renewal requirement

COMPARED TO

beginner-level salaries in IT, the salary premium for specializations such as Security and Network Technologies is:



10% higher with an intermediate certification (e.g. Security+)
26% higher with an advanced certification (e.g. CISSP)
45%+ higher with an expert certification (e.g. CISM)¹

IN THE U.S. the difference between salaries of certified and noncertified IT staff is nearly **\$8,400** or **11.7%**.²



ON A NATIONAL LEVEL

there are approximately **215,371 job openings** requesting certifications such as Security+, CIPP, CISSP, GIAC, CISA, and CISM as of 2018.³



The NICE Framework improves communication about how to identify, recruit, develop, and retain cybersecurity talent.

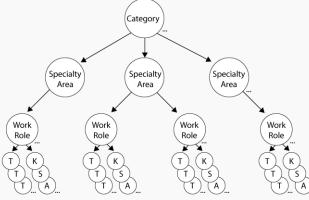
CATEGORIES: A high-level grouping of common cybersecurity functions

SPECIALTY AREAS: Represent an area of concentrated work, or function, within cybersecurity and related work

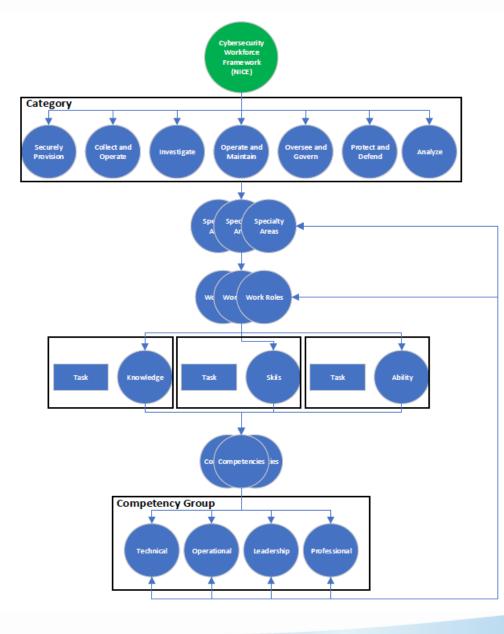
WORK ROLES: The most detailed groupings of cybersecurity and related work, which include a list of attributes required to perform that role in the form of a list of knowledge, skills, and abilities (KSAs) and a list of tasks performed in that role

TASKS: Specific work activities that could be assigned to an individual working in one of the NICE Framework's Work Roles

KSAs: Attributes required to perform Tasks, generally demonstrated through relevant experience or performance-based education and training







Securely Provision- Conceptualizes, designs, procures, and/or builds secure information technology (IT) systems, with responsibility for aspects of system and/or network development.

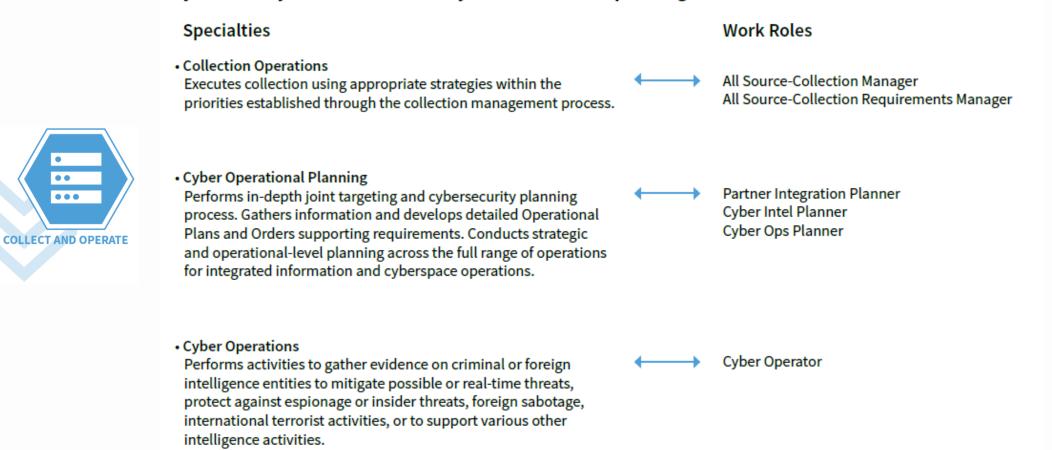
Specialties		Work Roles
 Risk Management Oversees, evaluates, and supports processes necessary for existing and new information technology (IT) systems to meet the organization's cybersecurity and risk requirements. 	\longleftrightarrow	Authorizing Official/ Designating Representative Security Control Assessor
 Software Development Develops and codes new (or modifies existing) computer applications software, or specialized utility programs. 	\longleftrightarrow	Software Developer Secure Software Assessor
 Systems Architecture Develops system concepts and translates law and regulation conditions into system and security designs and processes. 	\longleftrightarrow	Enterprise Architect Security Architect
Systems Development Works on phases of the systems development life cycle.	\longleftrightarrow	Systems Developer Information Systems Security Developer
 Systems Requirements Planning Consults with customers to gather and evaluate functional requirements and translates them into technical solutions. 	\longleftrightarrow	Systems Requirements Planner
 Technology R&D Conducts technology assessment and integration processes. 	\longleftrightarrow	Research and Development Specialist
 Test and Evaluation Develops and conducts tests of systems to evaluate compliance with specifications and requirements. 	\longleftrightarrow	System Testing and Evaluation Specialist



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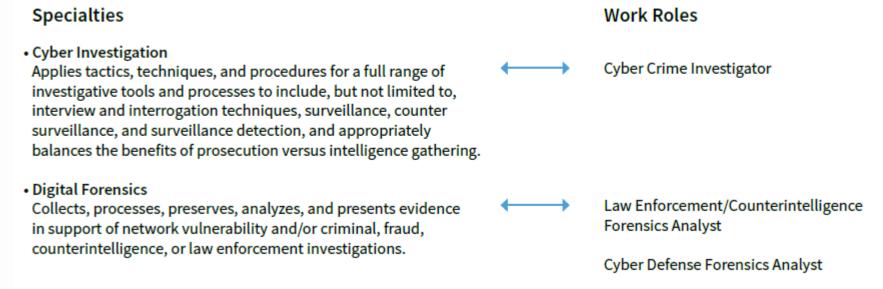
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Collect and Operate- Provides specialized denial and deception operations and collection of cybersecurity information that may be used to develop intelligence.

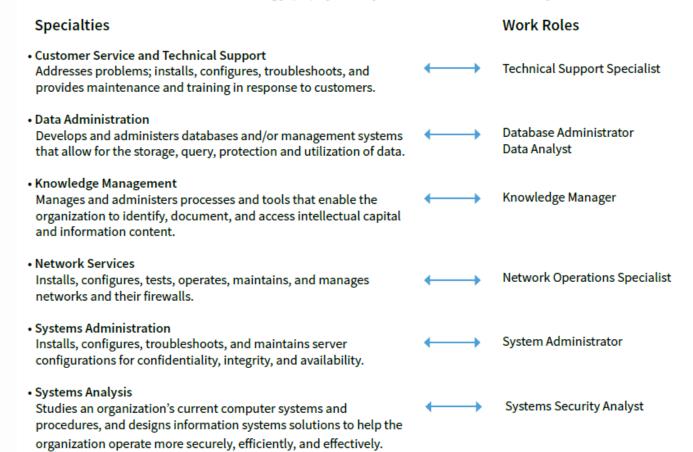




Investigate- Investigates cybersecurity events or crimes related to information technology (IT) systems, networks, and digital evidence.



Operate and Maintain- Provides the support, administration, and maintenance necessary for effective and efficient information technology (IT) system performance and security.







Oversee and Govern- Provides leadership, management, direction, or development and advocacy so				
the organization may effectively conduct cybersecurity work.				

Specialties		Work Roles
 Cybersecurity Management Oversees the cybersecurity program of an information system network, or other area of responsibility. 	\longleftrightarrow	Information Systems Security Manager Communications Security (COMSEC)
• Executive Cyber Leadership Supervises, manages, and/or leads work and workers performing cyber and cyber-related and/or cyber operations work.	\longleftrightarrow	Executive Cyber Leadership
 Legal Advice and Advocacy Provides legal advising to leadership and staff on a variety of relevant topics. Advocates legal and policy changes, and makes a case on behalf of client via legal briefs and proceedings. 	\longleftrightarrow	Cyber Legal Advisor Privacy Officer/Privacy Compliance Manager
• Program/Project Management and Acquisition Applies knowledge of data, information, processes, organizational interactions, skills, and analytical expertise, as well as systems, networks, and information exchange capabilities to manage acquisition programs.	\longleftrightarrow	Program Manager IT Project Manager Product Support Manager IT Investment/Portfolio Manager IT Program Auditor
 Strategic Planning and Policy Develops policies and plans and/or advocates for changes in policy that support organizational cyberspace initiatives 	\longleftrightarrow	Cyber Workforce Developer and Manager Cyber Policy and Strategy Planner
 Training, Education, and Awareness Conducts training of personnel. Develops and delivers and/or evaluates training courses, methods, and techniques. 	\longleftrightarrow	Cyber Instructional Curriculum Developer Cyber Instructor

Protect and Defend- Identifies, analyzes, and mitigates threats to internal information technology (IT) systems and/or networks.

Work Roles Specialties Cyber Defense Analysis Cyber Defense Analyst Uses defensive measures and information collected from a variety of sources to identify, analyze and report events that occur or might occur within the network to protect information, information systems, and networks from threats. Cyber Defense Infrastructure Support Cyber Defense Infrastructure Tests, implements, deploys, maintains, reviews, and administers Support Specialist the infrastructure hardware and software that are required to effectively manage the computer network defense service provider network and resources. Monitors network to actively remediate unauthorized activities. Incident Response Responds to crises or urgent situations to mitigate immediate Cyber Defense Incident Responder and potential threats. Uses mitigation, preparedness, and response and recovery approaches, to maximize survival of life, preservation of property, and information security. Investigates and analyzes all relevant response activity. Vulnerability Assessment and Management Vulnerability Assessment Analyst Conducts assessments of threats and vulnerabilities; assesses the level of risk; and develops and/or recommends appropriate mitigation countermeasures in operational and nonoperational situations.



ANALYZE

Analyze- Performs highly-specialized review and evaluation of incoming cybersecurity information to determine its usefulness for intelligence.

Specialties		Work Roles
 All-Source Analysis Analyzes threat information from multiple sources, disciplines, and agencies across the Intelligence Community. Synthesizes and places intelligence information in context; draws insights about the possible implications. 	←→	All-Source Analyst Mission Assessment Specialist
 Exploitation Analysis Analyzes collected information to identify vulnerabilities and potential for exploitation. 	\longleftrightarrow	Exploitation Analyst
 Language Analysis Applies language, cultural, and technical expertise to support information collection, analysis, and other cybersecurity activities. 	\longleftrightarrow	Multi- Disciplined Language Analyst
• Targets Applies current knowledge of one or more regions, countries, non- state entities, and/or technologies.	\longleftrightarrow	Target Developer Target Network Analyst
• Threat Analysis Identifies and assesses the capabilities and activities of cybersecurity criminals or foreign intelligence entities; produces findings to help initialize or support law enforcement and counterintelligence investigations or activities.	\longleftrightarrow	Threat/Warning Analyst



- Asset/Inventory Management
- Collection Operations
- Computer Forensics
- Computer Languages
- Computer Network Defense
- Computers and Electronics
- Data Analysis
- Data Management
- Database Administration
- Database Management Systems
- Encryption
- Enterprise Architecture
- Identity Management
- Incident Management
- Information Assurance
- Information Management
- Information Systems/Network Security
- Infrastructure Design
- Intelligence Analysis

- Knowledge Management
- Mathematic Reasoning
- Modeling and Simulation
- Network Management
- Operating Systems
- Operations Support
- Problem Solving
- Requirements Analysis
- Software Development
- Software Testing and Evaluation
- System Administration
- Systems Integration
- Systems Testing and Evaluation
- Target Development
- Technology Awareness
- Telecommunications
- Threat Analysis
- Vulnerabilities Assessment
- Web Technology





- Business Continuity
- Client Relationship Management
- Contracting/Procurement
- Data Privacy and Protection
- External Awareness
- Legal, Government, and Jurisprudence
- Organizational Awareness
- Policy Management
- Process Control
- Risk Management
- Third Party Oversight/Acquisition Management





- Project Management
- Strategic Planning
- Teaching Others
- Workforce Management





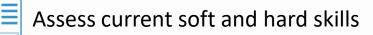
- Conflict Management
- Critical Thinking
- Interpersonal Skills
- Oral Communication
- Presenting Effectively
- Written Communication

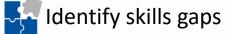


What is CyberKnights?

A portal design based on the NICE Framework taxonomy to establish:

🗕 A skills portfolio





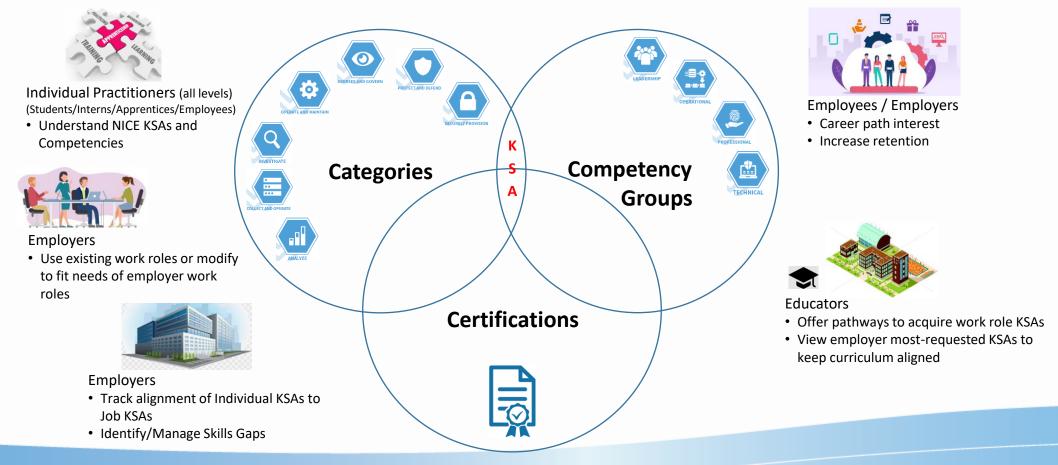
ldentify pathways to obtain additional skills



Portal Architecture

National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education Framework

Taxonomy based on Knowledge, Skills, and Abilities





Roles-based Portal

Individual Role

- job seekers/students/interns/apprentices/professionals/employees
- want to establish a skills portfolio
- want to be vetted cybersecurity practitioners

Employer Role

- can post a position for system to match talent
- can take inventory of employees' cybersecurity skills
- can identify skills gaps and develop upskill plans
- system can match internal and/or external talent to skills gaps
- perform operational assessments to identify risk and find talent to mitigate

Educators Role

- visibility into the skills employers are requiring
- keep curriculum current to address the skills gap
- be visible to employers with courses/curriculum
 - o skills gap remediation options
 - \circ apprenticeships



www.cyberknights.us